

Preface

Welcoming you to this comprehensive handbook on PU-PGLAW Preparation!

I am thrilled to introduce this e-book, which has been carefully compiled to assist learners in their attempt to achieve proficiency on the entrance exam. The principal objective of this book is to present readers with an in-depth understanding of the PU-PGLAW curriculum, examination structure, and efficient preparing methods.

During the compilation of this resource, every effort has been made to ensure that the presented material is accurate and genuine. My goal is to remove printing errors and deliver content that aspiring 3 Year LLB & LLM candidates can rely on with confidence.

An essential component of this literary work is a planned and calculated approach to preparing for the PU-PGLAW Entrance Exam. By providing 3 Year LLB & LLM aspirants with detailed insights, comprehensive guidelines, and targeted approaches, I am aware that this preparation strategy will enable them to rise above expectations and attain extraordinary success in their goals.

Furthermore, I actively promote and ask constructive feedback and insightful recommendations from my audience. Your input is crucial in determining the course of future editions of this book. By sharing your insights, we can further revise and enhance the content, thereby increasing its utility for future readers.

I hope this e-book serves as a guiding light on your journey towards conquering the PU-PGLAW Entrance Exam. May it offer into you the understanding, self-assurance, and approaches essential for attaining your ambitions.

Best regards,

DAKSH GARG

Table of Contents

Exam Overview and Pattern	4
Syllabus	5
Preparation Strategy of Different Subjects	
Past Paper and Mock Tests	
Conclusion	

Exam Overview and Pattern

Punjab University – Post Graduate Entrance Test (PU – PGLAW) is an university law exam, conducted by Punjab University for admissions to Punjab University, Chandigarh and its regional centres. The PU-PGLAW is held in offline mood, with a duration of 90 minutes. To appear for this entrance test candidates should have a bachelor's degree or master's degree in any discipline from Panjab University or any other University that is recognized by the Bar Council of India and Panjab University. They should have secured at least 45% marks in the qualifying examination.

Exam Highlights

Punjab University – Post Graduate		
Entrance Test (PU – PGLAW)		
Punjab University		
Once a year		
 Online 		
• INR 2,395 (INR 1,198 for		
SC/ST/PwD candidates)		
Offline		
90 Minutes		
Moderate		
English, Hindi, Punjabi		
480		
Offline		
https://pglaw.puchd.ac.in/		

Exam Pattern

Particulars	Description
Type of questions	Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)
Number of questions	100
Marking scheme	1 mark will be awarded for a correct answer 0.25 marks will be deducted for an incorrect answer
Maximum marks	100

Syllabus

Subject	Topics
Current affairs and GK	Major UN bodies, their functions locations
	Overview of Indian history and geography
	Important happenings in the area of the Indian Constitution or Justice system
	Physical geography, science, and environment
	Important awards of the year – sports, science, literature, and arts
Reasoning	Puzzle
_	Series
	Sets
	Direction
	Number-series
	Logical patterns
	Analogy
	Syllogism
	Blood relations
English	Grammar, vocabulary
_	Antonyms-Synonyms
	Jumbled words/sentences
	Idioms and phrases
	Essay-writing
	Fill in the blanks
Legal aptitude	Indian Constitution
	Indian polity
	Law of Contracts
	Intellectual Property Rights
	Law of Torts
	Criminal Law
	IPC and the CrPC
	International Law



Preparation Strategy of Different Subjects

The preparation strategy for the PU-PGLAW Entrance exam includes some important points:

Clear the basics:

- 1. Understanding the syllabus: One must have a thorough understanding of the exam's syllabus prior to beginning preparation. This requires knowledge with the topics and subjects that will be covered on the PU-PGLAW Entrance Exam.
- **2.** Examine subjects and topics: one must examine the queries that have previously been presented on the PU-PGLAW Entrance Exam. This can provide a valuable insight into the types of queries that may be included in the examination. These inquiries encompass a variety of legal subjects and topics.
- **3.** Utilization of Suggested Books: In order to comprehensively cover the fundamental studies, it is important to refer to the books that are suggested for preparation of the PU-PGLAW Entrance Exam. These publications may be of assistance in clarifying detailed legal concepts.
- **4.** Making of useful notes: While studying, jot down a brief overview of each point. These observations may prove to be beneficial during the process of revising.
- **5.** Prioritizing high-weightage topics: It is advisable to concentrate on the subjects that have been covered with greater frequency in previous examinations. One can optimize their endeavors in the areas that require the most attention.

Follow a Strict Schedule for Consistency

- 1. Ask yourself: Why do I want to create a study schedule?
- 2. Once decided, Create a study schedule that you can adhere to
- 3. Maintain progress tracker: This Approach allows you to track your progress and stay motivated.
- 4. Start with an Achievable study and strike them off once accomplished.
- 5. Take ideal breaks.
- 6. Cut down distractions.



Past Paper and Mock Tests

Although competitive examinations attract over lakh students, only a minority manage to succeed. Their success can be attributed to the preparation they undertake with the "Mocks." A practice exam comprises the syllabus, seating arrangements, question format, and correction criteria of the actual examination environment. This offers candidates the opportunity to gain practical experience prior to their appearance on the genuine examination.

It is advisable that candidates engage in a minimum of two practice examinations and review of previous exam papers to enhance their performance and prevent avoidable errors.

This approach provides candidates with information regarding multiple parameters, including the nature of prospective queries, the level of difficulty, and strategies for preparing within the allotted time period.

- 1. Constant practice is required. A practice test is essential for becoming thoroughly proficient with the exam's structure and time allotment. These serve as preliminary assessments for the real examination. They assist us in becoming adapted to the time constraints and query formats.
- 2. Assessing one's capabilities: Electing for a challenging virtual examination is not advisable. Opt for the examination that presents a satisfactory level of difficulty. In this manner, you will be adequately equipped to confront any challenges that may arise during the written examination.
- 3. Approximate application of the mock exam: The mock test should be utilized thoroughly. One must examine their answers to determine where they went wrong after completing the examination. This allows us to identify our areas of weakness and concentrate our study endeavours more efficiently.
- 4. Gain experience with examinations and a comprehension of their formats, question types, and exam patterns through practice.
- 5. A practical understanding of the impending examination paper's structure and the predominant themes or subject matters that are expected to be addressed is provided.

- 6. They enable pupils to monitor their progress in reviewing material and identify areas that require refinement.
- 7. Exam preparation materials serve as an exceptional foundation for reviewing, consolidating information, and honing examination-specific skills.

Conclusion

Consistency is critical; consistent review is an essential component in passing the PU-PGLAE Entrance Exam. It facilitates in refining our understanding. Moreover, learning at consistent intervals is a critical factor in attaining favourable outcomes on the assessment.

- Mastering the facts and figures: By revising the facts and figures that appear on the actual examination at regular intervals, we can better master them. Effective revision enables us to recall critical details with clarity.
- Avoid last-minute minute rush-one should not do newer things when the exam approaches. You are only permitted to revise that which you already know. One may feel diminished confidence if a candidate endeavours to acquire new knowledge prior to the examination.
- Moreover, an effective disciplined strategy is necessary, which can have a substantial impact on your PU-PGLAW Entrance Exam results. Maintain commitment, effectively manage your time, and have faith in yourself.